

Presented by: Song Min Lee

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Background

Virtual interactive cases (VICs) have been used as an educational resource for differential diagnosis training in medical students, but they have not been explored in pharmacist prescribing for minor ailments (PPMA).

Objective

We aimed to share our experience and lessons learned in the development of 3 PPMA VICs.

Methods

- We created 3 PPMA VICs (allergic rhinitis, conjunctivitis, and cold sores) as a pilot project (https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/ minor ailment cases 2021.htm) (Figures 1-3)
- Our case development process included iterative case writing, reviewing, and transcribing to the VIC online environment.
- We recognized the benefits and challenges when attempting to fully utilize the built-in functionalities of the VIC online platform.

Figure 1: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 1 https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/Minor Ailment Case 1/index.html



Figure 2: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 2 https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/Minor Ailment Case 2/index.html



Figure 3: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 3 https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/Minor Ailment Case 3/index.html



Results

What We Learned When Creating or Preparing

- Patient Assessment Components: We had to embed approximately 10% relevant or essential questions that a VIC user should ask to rule in or rule out a differential diagnosis.
- Diagnosis Statements: We need to include one correct and 6-10 incorrect diagnosis statements to challenge the user on differential diagnosis of each minor ailment.
- Management Options: The VIC user should be presented with only 30% appropriate interventions, including pharmacologic and self-care options, for the management of each minor ailment.
- VIC Final Debriefing: A VIC user would be able to solve the case scenario with the correct minor ailment diagnosis if all statements and questions were inspected during patient assessment, but costs and time associated with irrelevant actions taken would be reflected in the VIC final debriefing, implying that such clinical encounter was not practically and logistically feasible or affordable in a real pharmacy practice setting.

Conclusion

- Pharmacists are not traditionally trained in performing differential diagnosis. Creating the extra irrelevant patient assessment components, the incorrect diagnosis statements, and inappropriate management options was quite challenging.
- * VICs are not meant for educating nor training PPMA.
- VIC is a safe and user-friendly platform to support and challenge pharmacist knowledge and skills in performing differential diagnosis and providing minor ailment prescribing service in the community.

References (Selected)

Virtual Interactive Case System. (2013) Available at: http://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/

Douglass, MA, Casale, JP, Skirvin, JA, & DiVall, MV. (2013). A virtual patient software program to improve pharmacy student learning in a comprehensive disease management course. Am J Pharm Educ, 77(8), 172.

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Acknowledgements

The authors would like to acknowledge the 2019 Leslie Dan Faculty of Pharmacy Teaching Innovation Award and the 2019 University of Toronto Provost's Instructional Technology Innovation Fund that supported the development of the VIC for Minor Ailment Prescribing, pharmacy students from the LDFP in the development of the cases, and all respondents who participated in our pilot testing. In addition, the in-kind support and case review from Dr. Michael Hamilton, Family Physician and Medical Director, Institute for Safe Medication Practices Canada was greatly appreciated by the development team.

Poster Design By: Song Min Lee, PharmD Candidate, Leslie Dan Faculty of Pharmacy



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Figure 1: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 1

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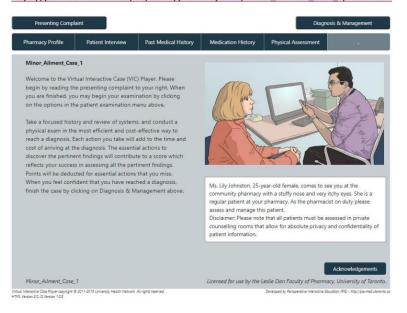


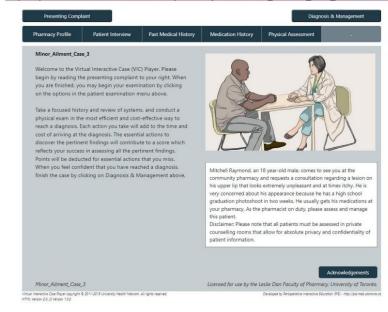
Figure 2: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 2

https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/Minor Ailment Case 2/index.html



Figure 3: Pharmacist Prescribing for Minor Ailments (PPMA) VIC Module 3

https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/Minor Ailment Case 3/index.html





Link to Minor Ailment Prescribing VICs:

https://pie.med.utoronto.ca/vic/demo/pharmacycases/minor_ailment_cases_2021.htm



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- ❖ VIC is a safe and user-friendly platform to support and challenge pharmacist knowledge and skills in performing differential diagnosis and providing minor ailment prescribing service in the community.



Minor Ailment Prescribing VICs Evaluation Survey: https://forms.gle/sgeu6q4dSAXov8um8



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